HISTORICAL FULFILLMENT OF DANIEL 11:2-5 PROPHECIES

HISTORICAL FACTS

PROPHECY

Kings of Persia following Cyrus:		
Cambyses II 529-522 B.C	Z.	three more kings will arise in Persia - (v. 2a)
Pseudo Smerdis 522-521 B.C	Z.	
Darius I 521-486 B.	C.	
Xerxes I (Ahasuerus) 486-465 B Ahaserus displayed his riches to his nobles, princes and army officers for 180 days (Esther 1:1-4); this was to rouse all to support his campaign against Greece (Herodotus <i>Histories</i> Artaxerxes I 464-424 B.C Darius II 423-405 B.C Artaxerxes II 404-359 B.C Artaxerxes III 358-338 B.C Arses 337-336 B. Darius III 335-331 B.	G. Book 7:8). C. C. C. C. C. C.	then a fourth will gain far more riches than all of them. As soon as he becomes strong through his riches, he will arouse all against the realm of Greece. (v. 2b)
The Kingdom of Greece Advanced under Alexander the Great Conquered most of the known world in 12 years, dying before the age of 33 from a disease. Divided after Alexander's death by his four generals, who each ruled a territory (Alexander's sons were not recognized as successors and were murdered). *Kingdom of the North (Syria) - Lysimachus **Kingdom of the South (Egypt) - Ptolemy Kingdom of the East (Babylon) - Seleucus Kingdom of the West (Macedon) - Cassander		And a mighty king will arise, and he will rule with great authority and do as he pleases. (v. 3) But as soon as he has arisen, his kingdom will be broken up and parceled out toward the four points of the compass, though not to his own descendants, nor according to his authority; for his sovereignty will be uprooted and given to others besides them [i.e. besides his descendants] (v. 4)
Seleucus, King of the East, lost his territory and fled to Ptolemy for refuge. Ptolemy made him a prince and helped him regain his territory back. Seleucus then began to expand his territory. Ptolemy and Selucus produced powerful dynasties known as the Ptolemies and the Seleucids.		Then the king of the South will grow strong and one of his princes [i.e. Seleucus] - (v. 5a)
Seleucis expanded his territory overtaking the northern territories from Lysimachus. He expanded westward but died before reaching Macedon.		He [i.e. Seleucus] will become stronger than him [i.e. Ptolemy, the king of the South] – (v. 5b)