## Where is Your Treasure?

Part 2: Investing in Heavenly Treasure
Matthew 6:19-24

Wateriew 6.15 21				
Introduction:				
•Last week we learned:				
1. That having r IS NOT incompatible with spirituality;				
2. That it is not wrong to accumulate wealth as long as it is no				
done in s				
•How do we handle riches unselfishly? How do we have treasures				
on earth and invest in heavenly treasure?				
The e nature of your heavenly investment (20)				
Notice the contrast between earthly and heavenly treasure				
1. Earthly treasures are t (they deteriorate				
and can be stolen)				
2. Heavenly treasures are e (they don't				
deteriorate and cannot be stolen).				
• The parable of the rich fool illustrates the foolishness of being				
selfish with earthly treasures and not being r toward				
God (Luke 12:16-21)				
1. The man was a h worker.				
2. The man worked to accumulate enough wealth just so that he				
could take it e for the rest of his life.				
3. The rest of his life lasted only day.				
•Being rich toward God is storing up for y treasures in				
heaven.				
1. This is not selfishness because it requires us to submit to				
God's leadership in s to Him (Matt 6:24).				
2. This is not emptying ourselves of earthly treasures but using				
them in our service to God.				
The p nature of your heavenly investment (22,23				
•Jesus uses the metaphor of the e to illustrate three kinds				
of disciples:				
1. The g disciple				
a. The condition of the eye is called (the Greek				
word literally means "unfolded" and so means that this				
person is wholly focused on God.				
b. This person's body is full of l (i.e., he has				

a clear and godly direction in life)

2.	The d	disciple		
	a. The condition	of the eye is called	(most literal	
		evil) – this person has d		
	vision, trying	g to serve God and money.		
		s body is full of d		
		nd ungodly direction in life		
3.	The f		,	
	a. This person t his eye is clear but is			
	mistaken (this was the Pharisees' condition –John 9:41).			
	b. This person's darkness is that much d			
	because he wrongly believes that he is saved (It is better			
		you are lost, then to mistal		
	you are saved	•	<i>y</i>	
•So	•	e riches unselfishly and tre	easure for	
	rselves heavenly t	<u> </u>		
		ated as <i>clear</i> , single, health	v, good also	
		in many contex		
	James 1:5).			
2.	,	a double-meaning in mind	– we must be	
	generous with our e treasures, using it for			
	God's purposes.			
3.		ms it up well:		
	a. Don't f on the uncertainty of riches but on God.			
	b. Acknowledge that God has supplied us ALL things to			
	e		J	
		works (which	is doing what	
	God wants).		$\mathcal{E}$	
		and READY to s	ALL that	
		sed you with!		
		e u to share so	mething, than you	
	=	ot have it at all.	<i>3</i> , <i>3</i>	
		rement money should be sl	hared (kids. given	
	to God's	<u>-</u>	(	
<b>C</b>				
		n heavenly treasure by	. 12	
	1. Using your ear	thly treasures to support G	100 S W	
	2. Using your gift	ts and abilities to serve Go	u s p	
-		e as a w to the	e lost around you	
	in both word a	nd deed.		