The Higher PrincipleMatthew 12:1-21

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) Is i	t ever permissible to break any of the following laws?
	Breaking and entering
	Exceeding the speed limit
	Stealing
	e Sabbath day
	There is only one w law concerning the Sabbath
1.	day (Ex 20:8-11)
2.	Traditional Judaism had hundreds of o laws
	concerning the Sabbath day.
Ou	r lesson – to follow God's higher principle even if it means
	man's law or God's law, and to exhibit the right
	itudes and actions.
Γhe	Higher Principle of Physical Needs (1-4)
Th	e situation
1.	The disciples became hungry and began p the
	heads off the grain in a nearby field (see Deut 23:25).
2.	Since this day was a s day, the Pharisees asked
	Jesus why they were doing this unlawful thing? (it violated
	their olaw).
	us responds by pointing the Pharisees to the w word
	Sam 21:1-6)
1.	David and his men were r from Saul and had
	become hungry.
	They came to the city of the h priest and asked for food.
3.	The only food available was the holy b which
	only the priests were allowed to eat (see Lev 24:9).
	The priest gave the loaves to David and his men.
	us is teaching that physical needs are a higher principle
1.	The argument – if it was permissible for G written
	law to be broken to meet David's need of hunger, how much
	more permissible is it for the disciples to break rabbinical
	oral law to meet their need of hunger.
2.	<u> </u>
	physical needs in meeting another's physical need.

	a.	So, stealing food from someone to meet my need of				
		hunger would be w				
	b.	Exceeding the speed limit to save a person's life would				
		be r as long as no one else's life is being				
		endangered.				
The	Hig	her Principle of Serving the Lord (5-6)				
	_	esponds with a second example from the w word.				
		e Sabbath law was to be obeyed by everyone except the				
		;				
2.	Nu	m 28:9 gives the duty of (1) b sheep on the				
		obath day for that day's sacrifice and (2) m oil				
		h over a bushel of flour on the Sabbath day for the grain				
	sac	rifice.				
		vas teaching that serving the Lord should never be				
		in order to keep a law.				
1.		us left us here on earth to s Him in our jobs,				
		nily, leisure, etc. (Col 3:17).				
2.		any flosing their job, families, friends, etc over				
		ir Christianity and so f to grab opportunities which				
2		d clearly puts before them.				
3.	G_	those opportunities God puts before you to serve Him.				
	_	her Principle of Compassion (7-14)				
		esponds with a third point from the w word				
•	Hosea 6:6).					
1.		us charges the Pharisees with not knowing the m				
		the passage.				
		Sacrifice can be done without thought (e.g. C)				
2		God values compassion above sacrifice.				
2.		us charges against the Pharisees were proven by their lack				
		They a the imposent (v. 7)				
		They were more compassionate toward enimals then a				
	υ.	They were more compassionate toward animals than a				
	C	human being in n (vv. 10-12). They sought to k Jesus for healing the man (v. 14).				
		ealous Christians have been guilty of lacking compassion				
		standing against abortion (heckled, name-calling)				
2.		standing against the gay lifestyle (exhibited h)				
		est hate the c hut l the cinner				