## God's Forgiveness Matthew 12:22-32

Intro	odu	ction:
●Dra	awii	ng conclusions based on s reasoning.
1.	We	e all have done this.
2.	Th	e Pharisees did this (vv. 22-24)
	a.	They started with the premise that Jesus was no good.
	b.	They heard the crowds wondering if Jesus was the son of
		D (i.e. the promised final king of Israel), for
		He had successfully cast out a demon that was making a
		man b and m
	c.	They quickly explained this success as due to the power
		of the r of demons (i.e. Satan).
		hoots down their conclusion with s reasoning
1.		neral truth (v. 25)
	a.	A kingdom cannot s if it is divided against
		itself.
	b.	A city or even a h that is divided cannot
_	~	stand.
2.		ecific truth - S kingdom would not stand if it
		re divided against itself.
3.		e inescapable conclusion (vv. 26-30):
	a.	Their s (i.e. those who aligned themselves with the
		traditional teachings of the Pharisees) that cast out
		demons would j the Pharisees' conclusion as
	1.	wrong.
●Ta.		Jesus casts out demons by the S of God.
		we are going to learn about God's forgiveness on't let conclusions you have already drawn prevent you
1.	fro	m h what I agus has to say
2	W	m h what Jesus has to say. e do not want to get the forgiveness of God w
۷.	** (	e do not want to get the forgiveness of God w
God <sup>2</sup>	's F	orgiveness is free, not deserved (31a)
	A	ny sin, even blasphemy shall be forgiven people
●No	one	e d forgiveness (Rom 6:23; Eph 2:9)
1.	Jes	sus is not saying that every sin will be forgiven e
		rson in the world (see Rom 1:18).

	Jesus is saying that every sin will be forgiven people in general. But they must be <b>in</b> Ca. Rom 6:23 – the free gift is eternal life <b>in</b> Jesus Christ our Lord.  b. Rom 8:1 – there is now no condemnation for those who are <b>in</b> Christ Jesus.
●God	l's forgiveness is f and is not deserved.
Blasp	ohemy is willful, not accidental sin (31a, 32a)
	even blasphemy shall be forgiven people
●The	meaning of blasphemy
	Literal meaning – to speak e
2.	The practical meaning – to speak bad things about someone
	with the intent of r their reputation.
3.	Therefore, the sin of blasphemy cannot be committed by
	a It is a willful sin.
	sin of blasphemy against the Son of Man (i.e. Jesus) is
	unforgivable.
1.	The Pharisees blasphemed Jesus
	a. By aligning Him with S
2	b. By calling Him a S and a demon (Jn 8:48).
2.	Before trusting Christ, the apostle Paul blasphemed Jesus,
2	yet he was forgiven of this sin (1 Tim 1:13)
3.	Both thieves who were crucified with Jesus blasphemed Him (Matt 27:44), but Jesus told one of them, <i>Today, you will be with Main Panadian</i> (Lt 22:42)
4	with Me in Paradise. (Lk 23:43).
4.	It does not matter who you are ( <i>whoever blasphemes</i> ). If you repent and come to Christ, that sin will be forgiven.
●The	refore, continue to p for the salvation of those who
	ak evil against Jesus.
_	ohemy against the Spirit is the only sin God will never ve (27-32)
	It shall not be forgiven him, either in this age or in the age to come.
	sphemy against the Holy Spirit is not the fction of Jesus Christ.

1.	Some have reasoned that every single s (past, present,
	and future) of every single p (past, present, and
	future) was forgiven in the sacrifice of Christ except for one
2	sin, the final rejection of Christ.
2.	However, the Bible is clear that every sin of every person
	who dies without faith in Christ is n forgiven, not just
• W/b	their final rejection of Christ (Jn 5:29; Rev 20:12). at is blasphemy against the Holy Spirit?
	The Pharisees were blaspheming Jesus by erroneously
1.	attributing His power to Satan. Jesus confronts this e
	by giving them two choices:
	a. Am I casting out demons by an unholy spirit (Satan)?
	b. <i>Or am I casting out demons by the Holy Spirit?</i> (The
	Holy Spirit was i in the theology of the
	Pharisees).
2.	Jesus points them to consider two things:
	a. What would your sons who cast out demons say? (v. 27)
	b. If I cast out demons by God's Spirit, then the kingdom of
	God has come upon you. (v. 28)
3.	The Pharisees now know the answer, but will they continue
	to stick with their claims and now w and knowingly
	attribute the work of the Spirit to Satan?
4.	Therefore, blasphemy against the Holy Spirit is willfully and
	knowingly calling the work of the Spirit satanic.
	y would anyone commit this sin?
1.	& 1 <u> </u>
	11:47,48).
2.	False teachers might do this for m or for some
2	other kind of personal gain (2 Pet 2:1,20,21)
3.	Some Jewish people who superficially accepted Christ and
	experienced the things of Christ, might return to what they
	are comfortable with - their old religion of animal sacrifices
•W <sub>0</sub>	(Heb 6). are not to p for the salvation of one who commits this
	(I Jn 5:16)
5111	(1311 3.10)
Cond	clusion:
Don'	t w about committing this sin. It is w
M	on the gift of God's forgiveness, freely given in Jesus.