Truths That Should Move Us to Action From the Parable of the Tares and Wheat Matthew 13:24-30, 36-43

Intr	oduction:
● Lo	ok-a-likes
1.	Human world - T look alike
	Plant world – N berries may look like blueberries
3.	Jesus's culture – during the immature state, tlook
	exactly like wheat.
●Th	e parable of the tares and wheat is interpreted in vv 36-43
1.	The farmer = J (the Son of Man)
2.	The field = the w
3.	The good seed = the s of the kingdom (i.e. believers)
	The bad seed = the s of the evil one (i.e. unbelievers)
5.	The enemy = the d
6.	The harvest = the time when all unbelievers will be gathered
	for final j
7.	The harvesters = the a of God.
•Jes	sus prefaced this parable by saying that the kingdom of God is
	mparable to this story.
1.	Jesus preached that the kingdom of God was near and so
	people should repent and believe in the g
2.	The subject of the gospel is J and His saving work.
3.	Therefore, the kingdom of God has to do with God's saving
	activity of bringing people into a relationship with Him
	through Jesus.
God	's Truth: Jesus deto sow eternal life
Our	Response: L Him
	e picture given by the Bible
1.	The world is c by its own sin (Rom 3:23; 6:23a)
	Jesus came not to condemn but to s (Jn 3:17)
	God sent Jesus to reveal His love for s (Rom 2:4;
	Rom 5:8; Titus 3:4,5)
•Jes	sus reveals the above truths in this parable
	He came to s good seed into this world
	He came to p believers in this world
	$\frac{1}{\text{ur response}} = I \text{ In } 4.19$

God'	s Truth: God de judgment to save more people	
Our Response: J Him ●God is pictured as a j, not a condemner		
● Go	d is pictured as a j, not a condemner	
a.	A condemner issues verdict (guilty)	
b.	A judge issues a just verdict which could be guilty or	
	innocent, and then e the verdict.	
c.	One day God will have to enforce the eternal penalty upon	
	the sin of all unbelievers.	
	e parable reveals that the time of judgment will be d	
1.	This is so that God can s more people (2 Pet 3:15)	
2.	He must save people from e tribe, tongue, nation,	
	and class (Rev 5:9,10).	
	r response – we must j Him in His work	
1.	By s the gospel with all who will listen	
2.	By p (for the lost, missionaries, the gospel's	
	advancement)	
3.	By cooperating with the body of Christ in s	
	mission work.	
	a. Globally – g to missions	
	b. Locally (e.g. – Vacation Bible School)	
God'	s Truth: God de justice to be served upon all sin	
Our	Response: T Him	
	e awful part of the parable – the fiery furnace	
1.	This is equivalent to the Lake of Fire in Rev 20:10 which is	
	e punishment of suffering (weeping and gnashing	
	of teeth).	
2.	This was written	
	a. Not to s unbelievers into becoming believers (Jesus	
	explained the parable only to believers – Matt 13:11)	
	b. To r to believers what they have been saved	
	from.	
	w is justice served upon the sin of believers? (Rom 3:25)	
	God displayed Jesus publicly (He was hung on a c)	
2.	Jesus became the propitiation or atoning sacrifice – the Greek	
	word means the payment made to satisfy someone's w	
	(1Pet 3:18 – this was a one-time sacrifice for all sin of all	
	believers for all time)	

3. In His blood through f The payment is applied to
one's record book the moment that person accepts Christ.
4. There are only two ways for justice to be served upon sin
a. In the Lake of Fire – the sinner pays for it eternally.
b. In J – the believers' sins are fully paid for.
●Our response – Do you realize what you have been saved from?
It should cause you to t Him. Are you?
Conclusion:
Today, I thanked Jesus for loving me and told Him that I
would love Him for the rest of my life. I told Him that I would
commit to living His way from now on.
The following are the actions I am doing:
☐ I am praying for at least one lost person whom I know well
☐ I am looking for opportunities to share Christ
☐ I am grabbing opportunities to share Christ
☐ I am supporting mission work by giving
I am supporting mission work by volunteering (e.g. VBS,
short-term missions, outreach events)