God's Effective Tri-Cycle Judges 3

Introduction:

A.	Wh	y is it important to tell the stories of the Bible?				
	1.	So others will k the Lord and the mighty works He				
		has done.				
	2.	Our c of God is NOT to be derived from our own				
		experiences or ideas, but by from God's word, the Bible.				
В.	Ob	jections				
	1.	The Old Testament stories are a record of what men had				
		t God said and did, but they obviously were mistaken.				
		a. Many cannot accept that God ordered Saul to kill all the				
		Amalekites because it included the killing of innocent				
		children (1 Sam 15).				
		b. So we do discount all such accounts as errors? The				
		destruction of Sodom and Gomorrah spared no children,				
		only L and his daughters (Gen 19:15), the wiping				
		out of mankind in the universal flood spared no children,				
		only N and his family (Gen 7:23). c. Jesus treated the story of Sodom and Gomorrah as				
		c. Jesus treated the story of Sodom and Gomorrah as h, saying that it will be more tolerable for them on				
		judgment day than the cities He did miracles in (Lk 10:12).				
	2.	Since all other a literature explains things through				
	۷٠	mythical stories, the stories of the Old Testament are also myths.				
		a. If the stories are myths, then they cannot be used to form our				
		concept of God. But Jesus used the story of the B				
		Bush to explain that God is the God of the living (Lk 20:36-				
		39)				
		b. If the stories are myths, then no one can know God – but that				
		contradicts the purpose for Israel telling the stories!				
C.		oday's text of Judges 3, God reveals more about who He is.				
	1.	As the people of Israel fell into a multicycle of sin, repentance,				
		sin, repentance, God responded with a tri-cycle of actions.				
	2.	Unlike the people of God under the Old Testament, we have the				
		Holy Spirit p inside us making God's try-cycle of				
		actions effective.				
Th.	The Lord tests us to experience our faithfulness (1-6)					
А .						
. 1.		the people of Israel (v. 4).				

	a.	Testing is not the same as t because the Lord
	L	cannot tempt us (Jms 1:13).
	b.	Tempting is working to draw someone into sin but testing is giving opportunity for one to be f
		The Lord tested Israel to if they would obey His
	c.	commandments.
		1) This Hebrew word means to ex or to know in a
		personal way. 2) God cannot experience our faithfulness without testing it
		(see Gen 22:12 where God said to Abraham, "Now I know
		that you fear God because you have not withheld your only son from Me.")
R	Δ11	ad that comes into our lives are tests of our
ъ.		thfulness to God (e.g. health crises, financial crises, strained
		ations, choices between right and wrong)
	1.	
		God will use them to g you to sin. God will use them to g you spiritually (Jms 1:3,4)
	۷.	God will use them to g you spiritually (Jills 1.3,4)
Th	e Lo	ord disciplines us to keep us (7-8, 12-14)
		ael failed the first test and went after other g (v. 7)
	1.	The Lord disciplined them by raising up the King of
		Mesopotamia named Cushan-rishathaim (literally, a doubly
		w Cushite)
	2.	This discipline lasted for years until Israel finally cried
		out to the Lord.
B.	Isra	ael failed the second test by doing e in His sight.
	1.	The Lord disciplined them by raising up the King of M,
		name Eglon)
	2.	This discipline lasted for years until Israel finally cried
		out to the Lord.
C.	All	believers in Christ are c of God (Jn 1:12)
		When a believer sins, God will d them (Heb 12:5-7).
	2.	
		from being condemned along with the rest of the world (I Cor
		11:31).
		a. He usually starts with g (Gal 5:17)
		b. If one does not respond to the above, God will i
		the discipline
		1) He c David with guilt through Nathan the
		prophet's story of a rich man stealing a poor man's only
		lamb (2 Sam 12:1-7; Psalm 51)

		2) He disciplined the Corinthian Christians with s
		for not celebrating the Lord's Supper properly (1 Cor 11:29,30).
		11:29,30).
Гh	e Lo	ord restores us to faithful living (9-11; 15-30)
Α.	On	ce the people of Israel cried out to Him, the Lord responded by
	1.	Raising up a j to lead them.
		a. He raised up O
		b. He raised up E
	2.	Empowering the judge and the people to overcome in a way that
		they knew that it was God's doing.
		a. The Spirit of God came upon Othniel and he judged Israel
		and defeated the king of Mesopotamia.
		b. Under Ehud, the people defeated 10,000 experienced
		warriors without e
	3.	R them to peaceful living.
В.	On	ce believers in Christ repent from sin, the Lord responds by
	1.	Restoring our f with Him
		Restoring our j that we lost in our failure. But when
		guilt feelings linger:
		a. Accept God's word that He has already f you.
		b. T God for disciplining you (Heb 12:11)
		c. A God to restore your joy (Ps 51:12)
	3.	Restoring us to faithful living – learn from your failures and live
		in faithfulness.