## Fanning the Fires of Faith Malachi 1:1-5

Int	rod	uction:
A.	A	fire is one of the most d forces  Recent C wildfires displaced 200,000 people
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	2.	Michigan's T experienced two deadly fires (1871
		and 1881)
B.	$\mathbf{A}$	fire is one of the most u forces
	1.	Fuel has to c in order to run your car.
	2.	Fire is a source of h that will keep you warm.
C.	Ou	r faith is like a fire that is h
	1.	Sometimes we are on "fire" for the Lord but other times our faith
		is just an ember.
	2.	When our faith is just an ember, we need to f the fire in
		order to revive our complete dependency on the Lord.
D.		d raised up the prophet, Malachi, to address Israel's little faith.
	1.	Malachi was written between 450 and 425 B.C. and was the last
		recorded p message until the time of Christ.
	2.	<u> </u>
		had been restored since 516 B.C.
	3.	The people of Israel's faith was dying down as they were
		impatiently waiting for God to fulfill His promise:
		a. That the Lord would come to His t
		b. That their l would become prosperous.
E.		alachi (which means, my a or messenger) declares
		ORACLE of God's word (v. 1).
	1.	The word is rightly translated by the KJV as b,
		because the nature of the message was very negative.
	2.	However, the message was designed to motivate them to
		f their faith so as to be completely dependent on God.
	3.	How can you fan the fires of your faith, when they seem to be
		dying down?
D.		nize God's E Love (2) - I have loved you, says
the	LO	DD Love (2) - 1 nave loved you, says
		t of all the people groups of the world, God had chosen to
A.		Israel as His people.
	1 1	There was years of history that God had with the
	1.	people of Israel.
	2	The people of Israel respond to the LORD's word – <i>But</i> , <i>how</i>
	۷.	have you loved us?
		nuve you toved us:

		a.	The Lord answers that He c them, not Esau.
			1) Abraham's son, Isaac, had twin sons, Esau and Jacob.
			2) God chose to bring the promises of Abraham through
			Jacob, not Esau
		b.	Deut 7:6-8 gives the reason for His choice of the people of
			Jacob (remember, Jacob's name was changed to I
			1) It was not based on w(Rom 9:10,11)
			2) It was simply because He chose to l them.
B.	Th	e pe	ople of Israel knew God's word but ignored it and let their
			nce determine t
	1.		ey were in p, so they concluded that God
			s not with them.
	2.		ey were being oppressed by their enemies, so they concluded
			t God did not l them.
C.	Is t		now we who believe in Christ might think sometimes?
	1.		en things are not going well, might we question if God really
			?
	2.		t who defines God's love- you, me, other people, or God?
			When we demand that God love in a certain way, we are
			defining God's love.
			1) If You love me, then give me better h
			2) If You love me, then give me f security.
		b.	The Lord has defined His love toward us
			1) He s us from our sins even though we were
			not no good, filthy sinners (Rom 3:2; Is 64:6) - 1Jn 4:19
			declares that the only reason we love, is because He
			loved us f
			2) The emphasis of God's word is on His unconditional
			c to love us to the point of saving us.
	3.	Wh	en things go wrong in your life, don't start with your
		circ	cumstances but with God's word.
		a.	Starting with your circumstances will cause your faith to die
			down (God where are you? Don't you care?)
		b.	Fan the embers of your faith with God's word
			1) Heb 13:5,6 – He will never l us
			2) Matt 28:20 – Jesus will be with us a
			3) Eph 2:8 – It is by g (undeserved gift) that you
			have been s
			4) Rom 8:38,39 – n can separate us from
			God's love.

	Remember	God's	displayed	love	(3,4)	ì
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Rei	men	nber God's displayed love (3,4)				
A.	A. The LORD replies to Israel's denial of God's love for them by					
pointing to the people of Edom. – The LORD says, "I loved Jo						
		hated Esau."				
	1.	The word "hate" seems too strong for us because we are taught				
		not to hate, not even our e				
		a. There is a righteous w we are incapable of				
		having it (Jms 1:20; Rom 12:19)				
		b. There is a righteous h only God is capable of				
		having it. We all deserve it but God rejected Esau and chose				
		Jacob as the means of fulfilling His promise to Abraham.				
	2.	Edom				
		a. This people group descended from E				
		b. This people group, though "brothers" to Israel, helped the				
		Babylonians d Israel 125 years earlier.				
		c. God punished Edom for harming Israel				
		1) The <i>jackals of the wilderness</i> refer to dessert tribesmen				
		who c all of Edom's territory.  2) The Edomites would be forever deemed as a				
		2) The Edomites would be forever deemed as a				
ъ	TC1	w territory and the object of God's wrath.				
В.						
	Edom and His love upon Israel even though experience is not to be					
	the determination of truth.  1. God's w is the truth.					
	1. 2	God's w is the truth.  Experience can be used to c truth but never				
	۷.	to deny truth (i.e. to contradict what God has said).				
	3. If you ever doubt the truth of God's love toward you, look at His					
	٥.	displayed love. It will fan the fires of your faith.				
		a. In history (Rom 5:8; Jn 15:13) – Jesus suffered and				
		d to pay for our sins by laying His life down.				
		b. In your ex go back to your conversion.				
		go back to your conversion.				
Ref	focu	s through God's sovereign love (5)				
		e Lord d Israel for their sins against Him (Rev				
		9 - the Lord disciplines those whom He l)				
B.		e Lord promises that they will see that His love is sovereign				
		They'll say, The LORD be magnified beyond Israel's border!"				
		Rom 11 explains the eventual return of Israel to the LORD.				
C.		ew your life through God's sovereign love				
		His discipline – motivates you to do right and repent from sin.				
	2.	T how He has brought you through past adversities.				